

Automated Traffic Safety Camera Program Overview

Seattle Bicycle Advisory Board
8/20/2024

Our Vision, Mission, Values, & Goals

Seattle is a thriving equitable community powered by dependable transportation. We're on a mission to deliver a transportation system that provides safe and affordable access to places and opportunities.

Core Values & Goals:

Equity, Safety, Mobility, Sustainability, Livability, and Excellence.

Automated Traffic Safety Cameras in Seattle

Seattle has used automated traffic safety cameras (ATSC) for:

- Red-Light enforcement at 23 locations.
- Fixed School Speed Zone enforcement at 19 locations.
- Block-the-Box enforcement at 6 locations (ongoing pilot).
- Transit Lane enforcement at 6 locations (ongoing pilot).
- Lower Spokane St Bridge lane restriction (deactivated).



Other Types of Safety Cameras

The following types of ATSC are authorized by state law but are not currently used in Seattle:

1. Railroad crossing cameras,
2. School walk area speed cameras,
3. Public park speed zone cameras,
4. Hospital speed zone cameras,
5. Other types of speed cameras:
 - A. Locations that are deemed to experience higher crash risks due to excessive vehicle speeds. One camera in this category is allowed for every 10,000 residents within the city,
 - B. State highways within city limits that are classified as city streets under RCW 47.24,
 - C. State highway work zones,
6. Ferry queue violation cameras.

Vehicle-mounted ATSC are allowed to be used to detect:

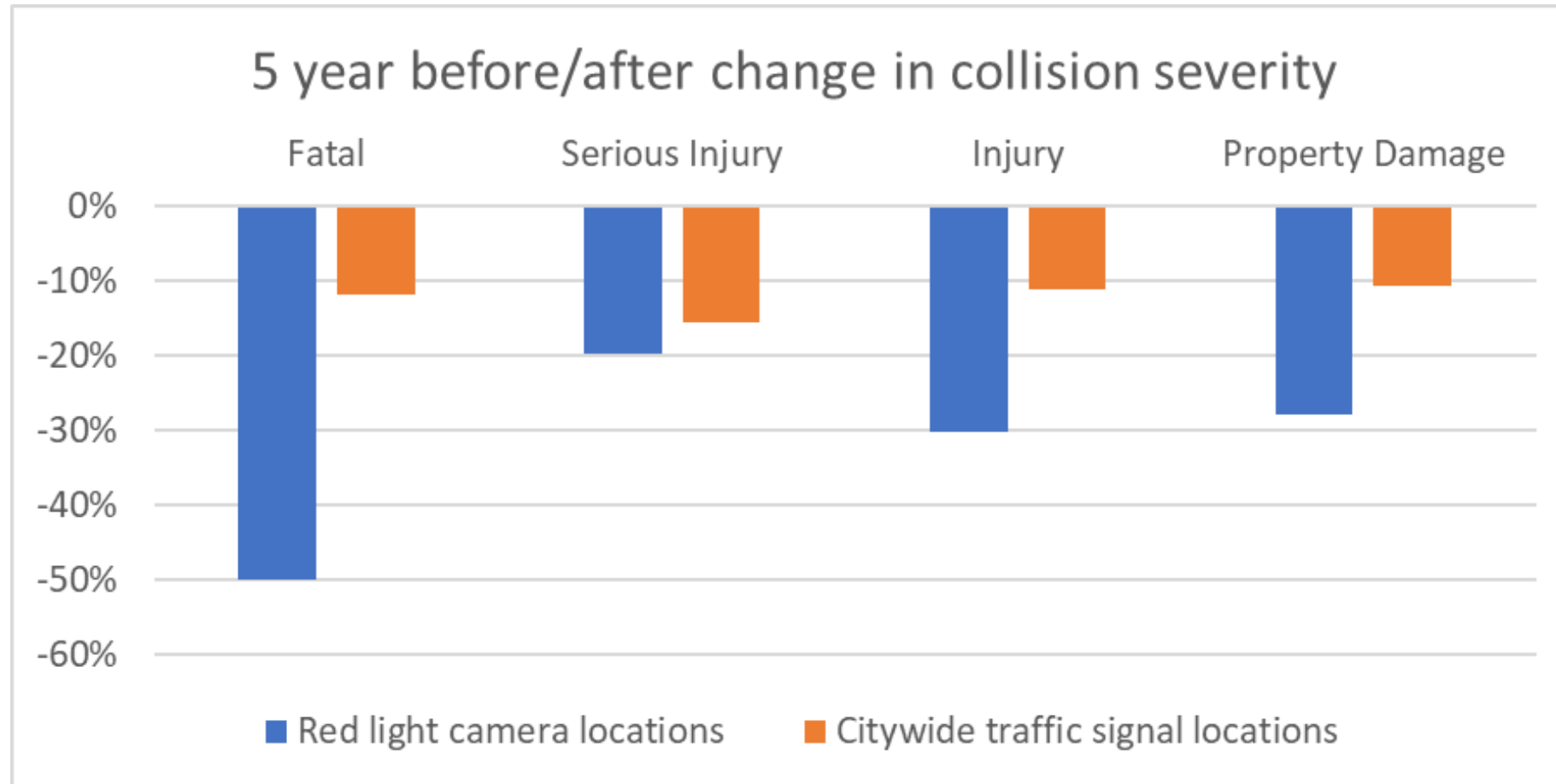
1. Stopping, standing, or parking in bus stop zone violations,
2. School bus stop paddle violations.

Red-Light Safety Cameras Today

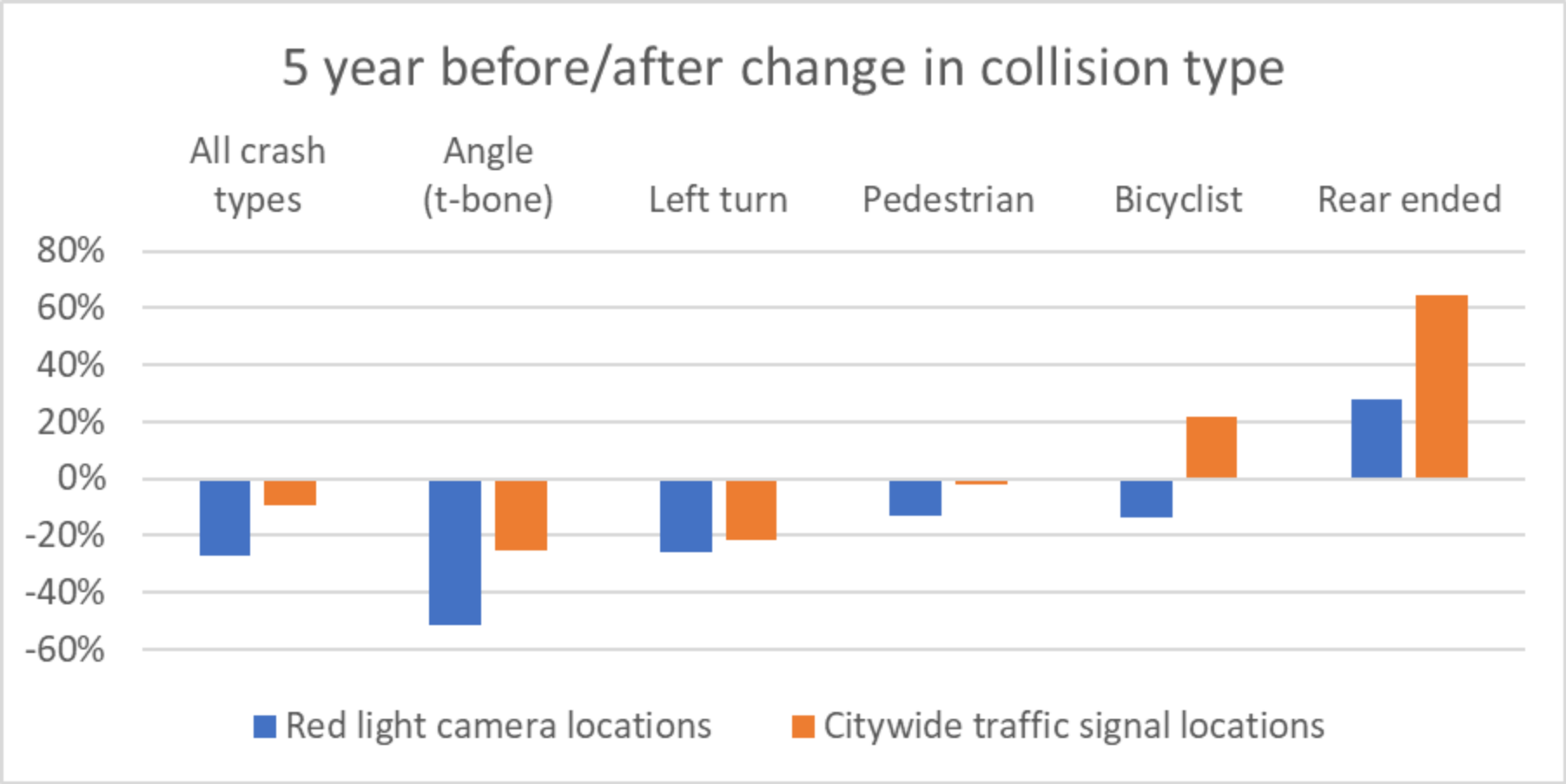
- Piloted in 2006, last installation in 2013.
- 23 locations in operation today.
- Selected based on collision frequency and severity, observations and geographic distribution.
- Observed reduced collision severity and incidence after installation.



Benefits of Red-Light Program



Benefits of Red-Light Program



School Speed Zone Safety Cameras Today

- School speed zones with 85th percentile speeds over 30 MPH prioritized.
- Flashing beacons installed prior to deployment of cameras.
- Cameras considered if speeds still above 30 MPH.
- SDOT coordinates with SPD and its vendor for camera deployment.



Impact of School Speed Zone Camera Program

SINCE START OF SCHOOL SPEED ZONE SAFETY CAMERA PROGRAM



↓ 64%

The average number of traffic violations per camera *per day* has decreased by 64%



↓ 4%

Average speeds have decreased by 4%



90%

90% of people who receive a speeding citation and pay it, do not pay for another citation

COLLISIONS ARE DOWN

↓ 50%

50% drop in total collisions, pedestrian, and bicycle collisions, all times of the day

↓ 71%

71% drop in total collisions during the camera activation hours

Ø

No pedestrian/bicycle collisions in the after period during camera activation times

School Zone Cameras effectively reduce speeding and enhance safety for Seattle students.

Pilot BTB and PTOL Safety Cameras Today

- Block-the-Box (BTB) – 6 locations
- Public Transportation-Only Lane (PTOL) – 6 locations
- Restricted Lane – 1 location
 - Spokane Low Bridge - deactivated
- Annual operating costs similar to other forms of enforcement.
- Evaluation of pilot program experience in Q4 2024.

SLI Request Summary

Request 1:

An implementation plan for the doubling of the School Zone Camera program, race and social justice analysis, and anticipated budget changes to administer.

Request 2:

An evaluation of the costs and benefits for expanding other automated traffic safety camera programs and proposed schedule for deployment.



3-Step Methodology to Identify Potential School Zone Enforcement Locations

1. Identify areas of need

- School zones with high arrival and dismissal 85th percentile speeds.

2. Confirm presence of flashing beacons and evaluate effectiveness

- Where beacons have not been effective, consider automated traffic safety cameras.

3. Apply equity lens

- Use City's Composite Racial and Social Equity Index (RSEI).
- Include Transportation Equity Workgroup's recommendation to equitably distribute cameras.



Distribution of School Speed Zone Camera Locations

RSEI Category	Number of Existing Locations	Number of New Locations	Existing + New
Lowest Disadvantage	1	7	8
Second Lowest	2	6	8
Middle	3	3	6
Second Highest	5	3*	8
Highest Disadvantage	8	0*	8
TOTAL	19	19	38

*10 locations within the highest disadvantage category and 4 locations within the second highest disadvantage category would be referred to the SRTS Program for programming other speed mitigation engineering treatments.

2024 State Legislation

HB 2384 – Effective June 6, 2024

Bill Highlights:

- Allows citation review by civilian employees,
- Requires equity analysis for siting new or relocating existing cameras,
- Increases annual reporting requirements.
- Permanently authorizes pilot authorities (BTB, PTOL, restricted lane),
- Repealed racing zone speed camera authority,
- Simplified allowable types of full-time speed zone cameras,
- Allows online ability-to-pay calculator to process and grant requests for reduced penalties,
- Requires first-time penalty reductions for those that receive certain public assistance.

Develop legislation in coming months to update Seattle Municipal Code in compliance with HB 2384.



2024 ATSC Program Activities

- SDOT Policy on the ATSC Program
 - Methodology for siting all types of cameras using safety and equity criteria
 - Community engagement
 - Warning periods
 - Signage
 - Performance evaluation
 - Complementary countermeasures
- School Speed Zone Camera Expansion
 - Currently engaged in interdepartmental conversations to accommodate funding and staffing needs
- Evaluation of pilot program experience in Q4 2024

Questions?

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From the entire Vision Zero Team:
Thank you!